# Solving Dependency Hell at Enterprise Scale





### About ActiveState



Used by Millions of Developers and 97% of Fortune 1000

20+ Years of Open Source Language Experience



## Introductions







#### Dana Crane Product Marketing Manager

## Housekeeping

- Session: 30 minutes; Live Q&A: 15 minutes
- You can also ask questions in the Q&A tab
- There will be two polls and a survey afterwards your feedback is crucial!
- Recording of this will be available and sent to you

## Agenda

- Time Managing Dependencies
- Causes of Dependency Hell
- Best Practices: Pros & Cons
- ActiveState Platform
- Demo
- Q&A

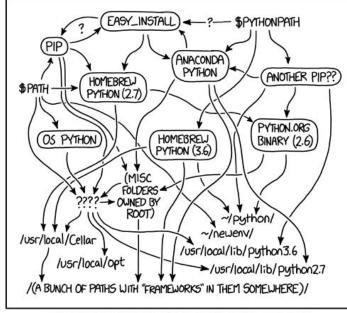
## Time Spent Managing Dependencies

12. Over a typical week how much time do you estimate you spend managing dependencies and development tools?



## How Did We Get Here?

- Newbies & out of date READMEs
- Incompatible packages you require (new features/ bug fixes/security updates)
- New operating environment
- Installers don't check existing dependencies before stepping on them
- Monkey patching third-party code
- Using multiple package managers per language (ie., pip + conda for Python)



MY PYTHON ENVIRONMENT HAS BECOME SO DEGRADED THAT MY LAPTOP HAS BEEN DECLARED A SUPERFUND SITE.

# Poll: How much time do your devs spend managing dependencies?

- <10% of a sprint</p>
- 10-25%
- 25-50%
- >50%

## Ramifications of Poor Dependency Management

- Don't want to touch the environment since it might break the build
- Updates snowball if not fixed quickly enough, making the problem worse
- "Works on my machine" & environment reproducibility issues
- Auditing open source dependencies becomes increasingly difficult

## Tactics for Managing Dependency Hell

- 1. Rely on package managers and direct repository access
- 2. Repository Proxy/Caching
- 3. Standardize Native Deps with VMs/Container Images
- 4. Vendor code under source control

## Rely on Package Managers

#### PROS

- Easy to set up
- Community support
- Infrastructure as code

- Tool proliferation: you need 0 + L tools
- Availability of prebuilt packages vary by OS (they'll have to be built at some point)
- Poor locking support leads to inconsistent states
- Things change on the Internet

## Repository Proxy/Caching

#### PROS

- Keep teams and environments consistent (mostly)
- Modest level of provenance tracking
- Share internally built artifacts
- Central place to audit package use
- Vet packages before others use them

- Poor support for native libraries
- Inconsistent states still possible
- Building still an issue
- Vetting introduces friction

# VMs/Container Images - (for native libraries)

#### PROS

- Better support for consistent use of native packages
- Faster deployment speeds
- Reduces the number of tools downstream consumers need to worry about

- No universal image format. Tool usage is now O+L+I for DevOps
- Building and using images is hard
- Distribution mechanic synchronization, backwards compatibility
- Multiple project issues
- Even more vetting friction

# Vendoring Dependencies (reduce vetting friction)

#### PROS

- Building from source is the ultimate way to support Native
- Support for provenance tracking
- Allows for customization and patching that upstream authors may be slow to bring in

- Need to setup a CI system and toolchains to support building
- Need to be an expert for each supported OS
- Need a local build process tool like Bazel, Make, Scons, etc.
- Need artifact storage



## Make it Someone Else's Problem

#### PROS

It's someone else problem!

#### CONS

Finding something to do with your free time

## Poll: How do you manage dependencies?

- Use native package manager to pin everything
- Use a pre-resolved set of dependencies in an artifact repository
- Use VM/Container base images
- Self vendor all dependencies in source control system

## The Need for Good Dependency Management

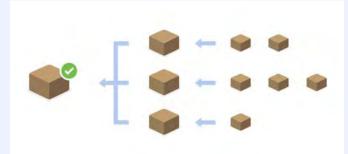
#### \$\$

- Optimal utilization of your most valuable devs
- Maximize dev satisfaction by letting them work on the things they want to work on
- Delayed time to market

# ActiveState Platform — Your Team's Supply Chain for Trusted Open Source Artifacts

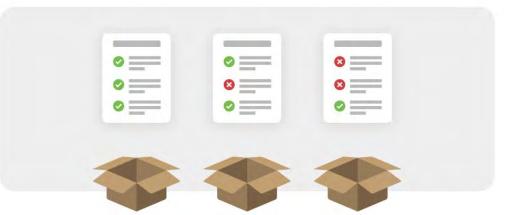
Includes:

- Catalog of 4M+ Vendored Open Source Components & Recipes
- Universal Dependency Solver
- Hermetically Sealed Multi-OS Build Farm
- Declarative Project Oriented UX/API
- Powerful Revision Control Features



# Single Set of Cloud Based Cross Platform Tools for:

- Build
- Distribute
- Maintain
- Monitor



## Runtimes for your Open Source based projects

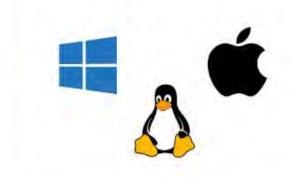


# How it Works



# Create a Project with Requirements and Operating Systems



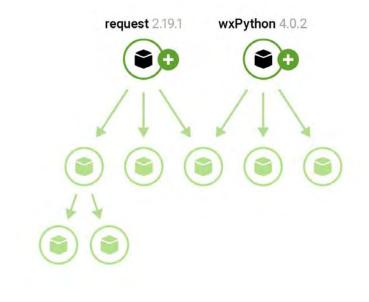


# ActiveState Resolves the Complete Set of Dependencies

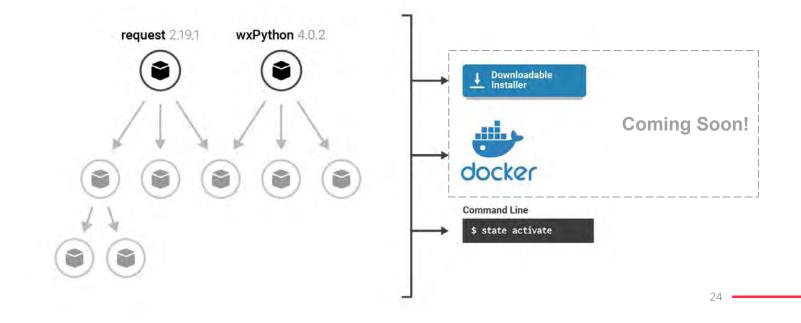


#### Including native libraries!

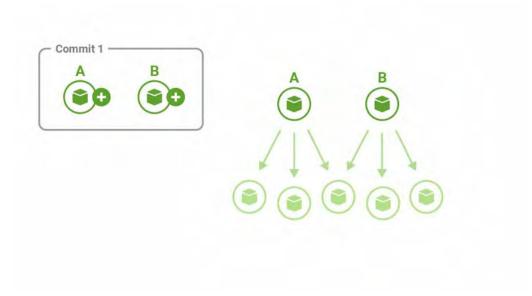
# All Components are Built, Hermetically Sealed, in the Cloud from Source!



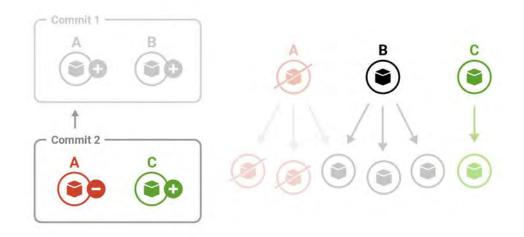
### An Array of Distribution Mechanisms



## We've Marries Dependency Management with Revision Control

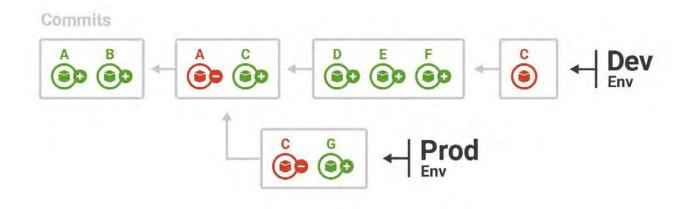


# Every Dependency Change is Tracked, Including who Made it and Why

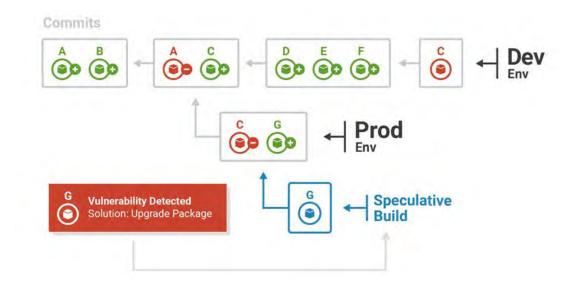




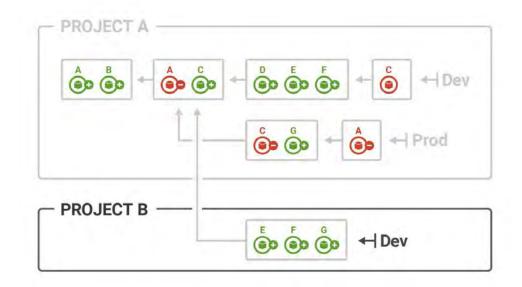
## Includes Fine Grain Control of Dependencies by Operating Environment



## ActiveState Monitors for Risks and Suggests Upgrades Where Appropriate



### Existing PRojects Can be Used as Templates



Platform Demo



## Demo: Getting Out of Dependency Hell

#### https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4WIL\_cNVZ1E



## Next Steps

Schedule a demo with our product experts: <a href="https://www.activestate.com/get-demo/">https://www.activestate.com/get-demo/</a>

Learn more about dependency management: https://www.activestate.com/blog/dependency-resolution-optimization -activestates-approach/

Try the ActiveState Platform for free: <a href="https://platform.activestate.com/">https://platform.activestate.com/</a>



## Webinar Feedback

Take our quick survey! https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/dependency-hell